



---

**PD76-24E-WFF**  
**Digital Indicating Panel Mounted Electrical Measuring Instruments**  
**User Manual**

---

## Table of Contents

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| <b>I.Introduction .....</b>                                   | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>1.1 General.....</b>                                       | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>1.2 Technical data .....</b>                               | <b>4</b>  |
| <b>II.Outline &amp; Installation .....</b>                    | <b>7</b>  |
| <b>2.1 Installation Dimension.....</b>                        | <b>7</b>  |
| <b>2.2 How To Install.....</b>                                | <b>7</b>  |
| <b>2.3 Terminals Layout .....</b>                             | <b>7</b>  |
| <b>III. Operation Instruction.....</b>                        | <b>9</b>  |
| <b>3.1 Nameplate .....</b>                                    | <b>9</b>  |
| <b>3.2 Display.....</b>                                       | <b>9</b>  |
| <b>3.3 Program operation .....</b>                            | <b>10</b> |
| <b>3.4 Multi-rate energy and demand message inquiry .....</b> | <b>12</b> |
| <b>IV. Communication.....</b>                                 | <b>14</b> |
| <b>4.1 Forward.....</b>                                       | <b>14</b> |
| <b>4.2 Byte format .....</b>                                  | <b>14</b> |
| <b>4.3 Frame Format .....</b>                                 | <b>15</b> |
| <b>4.4 Error management.....</b>                              | <b>17</b> |
| <b>4.5 Samples of Communication message.....</b>              | <b>18</b> |
| <b>Appendix .....</b>   | <b>21</b> |

# I.Introduction

## 1.1 General

PD76-24E-WFF Digital indicating Panel Mounted Electrical Measuring Instrument is designed for the electrical monitoring for utilities, industrial mining corporations, intelligence towers and communities. It adopts large scale IC, digital sampling technology and SMT technology. It can measure all the common electrical parameters with high accuracy, such as three-phase voltage, three-phase current, active power, reactive power, frequency, power factor, active energy, reactive energy and four quadrant energy. It is capable of multi-tariff function (10 time segments,4 rates). The durable LED displays the parameters measured and the performance information of electrical network system. With high speed RS485 communication port and conformance to the Modbus protocol. There are four programming pushbuttons in the faceplate, it is very convenient for users to achieve switching display and meter's parameters program setup at site, with high flexibility.

There are many extended functions to choose, for instance, the function of 4 analog (0~20mA/4~20mA ) output is for energy and electricity transportation output, and the function of 4 switching input and output is for local or remote switching signal monitoring and control output ( “remote communication” and “ remote control” function).

PD76-24E-WFF with excellent performance and reasonable price, it can replace the normal electricity transportation instrument, measurement indicating meter, energy measuring meter and other related accessorial units.

PD76-24E-WFF can be used widely for energy management system, transformer substation automatization, switching network automatization, industrial automatization, intelligence buildings, intelligence switchboards and switch cabinets, it is characteristic of convenient installation, simple wiring, easy maintenance, and less works. It also can be connected with PLC and industry control computers.

## 1.2 Technical data

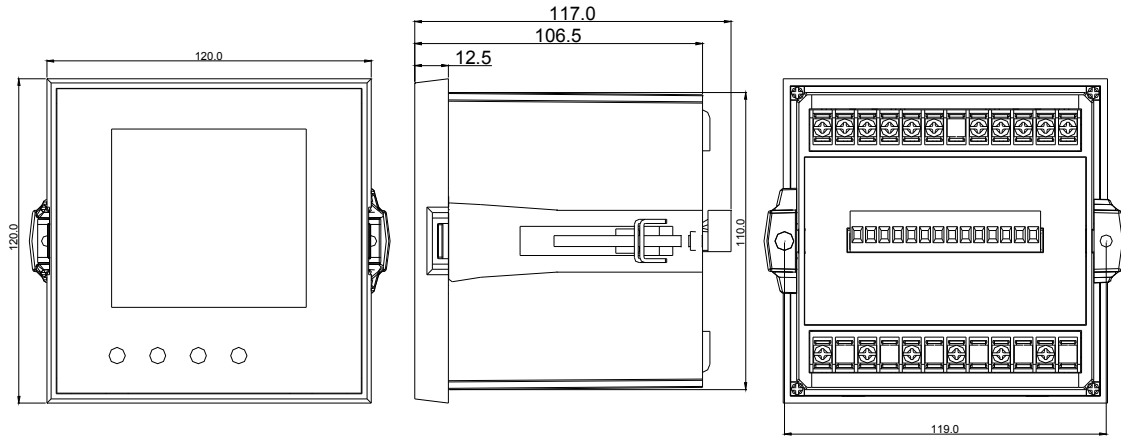
| Technical Parameters          |  | value                             |   |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| Input                         | Network                                      |                                   | Three-phase three-wire, three-phase four-wire                                 |
|                               | Voltage                                      | Rated voltage                     | AC 100V, 220V, 400V   |
|                               |  | Overload                          | lasting: 1.2 times momentary: double times /30s                               |
|                               |  | Power consumption                 | <0.5VA(per phase)   |
|                               |  | Resistance                        | >500K $\Omega$  |
|                               | Current                                      | Rated current                     | AC 1A 、 5A  |
|                               |  | Overload                          | lasting: 1.2 times momentary: 20 times/1s                                     |
|                               |  | Resistance                        | <20m $\Omega$ (per phase)   |
|                               | Frequency                                    |                                   | 45~65Hz   |
| Output                        | Energy impulse                               |                                   | Two impulse output  |
|                               | Constant                                     |                                   | Active:10000imp/kwh<br>Reactive:10000imp/kvarh                                |
|                               | Communication                                | Mode                              | RS-485  |
|                               |  | Protocol                          | MODBUS-RTU/ASCII  |
|                               |  | Baud rate                         | 1200、2400、4800、9600   |
| Display                       |  | LED                               |   |
| Accuracy                      | Voltage,current                              |                                   | $\pm 0.2\%$   |
|                               | Active power, reactive power, apparent power |                                   | $\pm 0.5\%$   |
|                               | Frequency                                    |                                   | $\pm 0.2\%$   |
|                               | Active energy                                |                                   | $\pm 0.5\%$   |
|                               | Reactive energy                              |                                   | $\pm 2\%$   |
| Power supply                  | Range  |                                   | AC、DC 80~300V   |
|                               | Power consumption                            |                                   | <5VA  |
| Security                      | Voltage endurance                            | Input and auxiliary power supply  | >2KV50Hz/1min   |
|                               |  | Input and output                  | >2KV50Hz/1min   |
|                               |  | Output and auxiliary power supply | >2KV50Hz/1min   |
|                               | Insulated resistance                         |                                   | Input, output and auxiliary power supply against the watchcase >100M $\Omega$ |
| Case anti-fire                |  | V0                                |   |
| Electromagnetic compatibility | Electrostatic discharges                     |                                   | $\pm 15KV$  |
|                               | Fast transient burst                         |                                   | $\pm 4KV$   |
|                               | Electromagnetic RF fields                    |                                   | 80MHz~1000MHz 10V/m   |

|                        |             |   |
|------------------------|-------------|---|
| Ambient<br>temperature | Temperature | Operation : -10~60℃,<br>Storage : -25~70℃ |
|                        | Humidity    | ≤95%RH, (without dew, corrosive gas)      |
|                        | Altitude    | ≤3000m                                    |



## II.Outline & Installation

### 2.1 Installation Dimension



Picture 1 Installation Diagram

### 2.2 How To Install

- ① Drill a hole (size:111mm×111mm) in the switching cabinet
- ② Take out the meter,clamps and screws.
- ③ Insert the meter into the hole
- ④ Fix the clamps and fasten the screws

### 2.3 Terminals Layout

Upper row: Current, test and communication terminals

| Current terminals |   |    |   |    |   |   | Test terminals |    |       | RS485 |    |
|-------------------|---|----|---|----|---|---|----------------|----|-------|-------|----|
| *1                | 2 | *3 | 4 | *5 | 6 | 7 | 8              | 9  | 10    | 11    | 12 |
| IA                |   | IB |   | IC |   |   | P+             | Q+ | P- Q- | A     | B  |

Picture 2 Current, test and communication terminals

*Note: "P+"—active impulse output positive "P—"—active impulse output earthed*

*"Q+" — reactive impulse output positive "Q—" — reactive impulse output earthed*

Middle row: Input and output terminals

| Output terminals |    |      |    |      |    |      | Switching output terminals |     |     |     |     |     |    |
|------------------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| +25              | 26 | +27  | 28 | +29  | 30 | +31  | 32                         | 33  | 34  | 35  | 36  | 37  | 38 |
| OUT1             |    | OUT2 |    | DOU3 |    | OUT4 |                            | IN1 | IN2 | IN3 | IN4 | COM |    |

Picture 3 Input and output terminals

*Note: According to the type of meter, there are two kinds of output terminals: switching output terminals and analog output terminals*

*COM—switching input earthed*

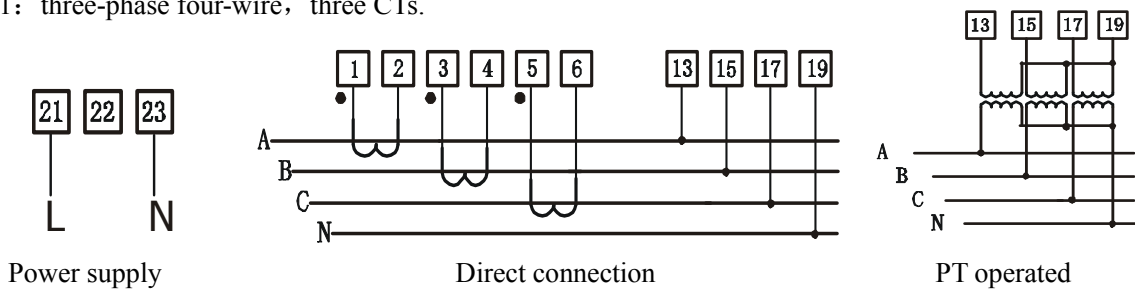
Bottom row: Voltage and power supply terminals

| Voltage terminals |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Power supply |    |    |    |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------------|----|----|----|
| 13                | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21           | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| UA                |    | UB |    | UC |    | UN |    | L            |    | N  |    |

Picture 4 Signal terminals

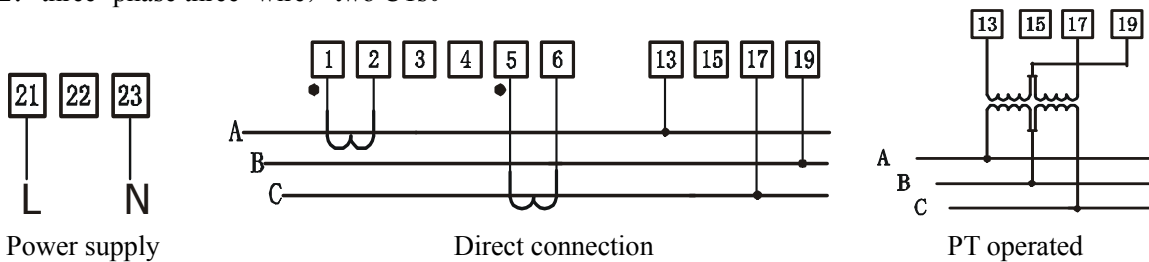
The meter has different wiring methods for different types of load

Type 1: three-phase four-wire, three CTs.



Picture 5 Wiring method

Type 2: three-phase three-wire, two CTs.



Picture 6 Wiring method

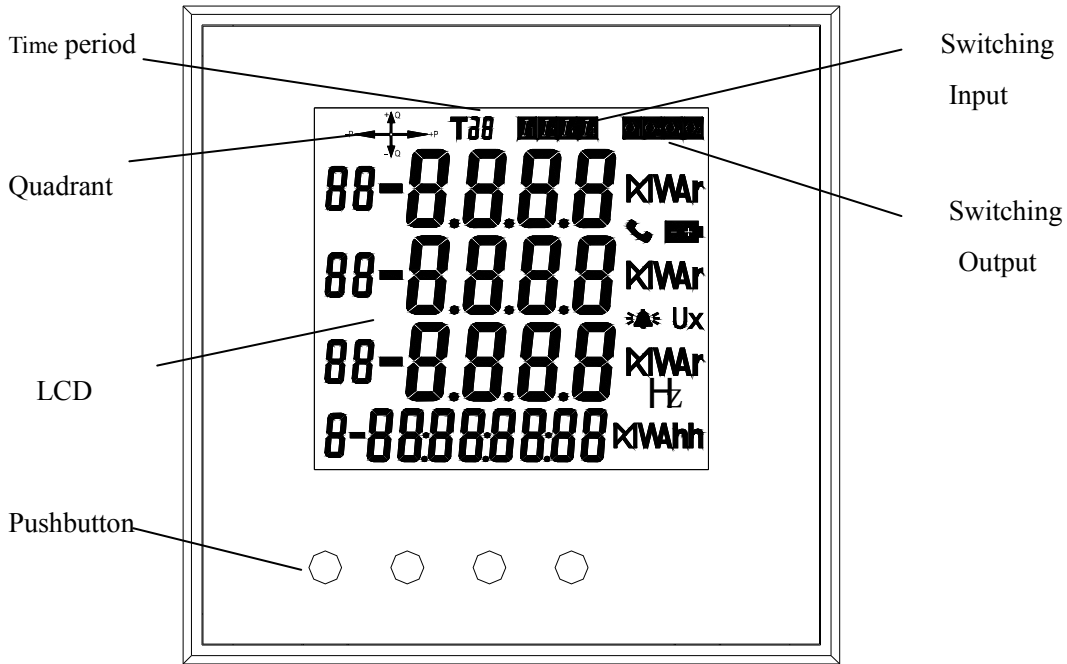
**Note:**

- A. Voltage input:** input voltage should not be higher than the meter’s rated voltage (100V or 400V) , otherwise, it should adopt PT, and 1A fuse is required.
- B. Current input:** the rated input current is 5A.outside CT is required in the case of the input current >5A.if there are other meters also connected to the same CT, the meters should be connected in series. Before disconnecting current input, first make sure the CT is off. In order to remove conveniently, we suggest use socket instead connected to the CT directly.
- C. Make sure the voltage and current line connected correctly, phase and direction in sequence,otherwise, the value and symbol can’t be shown normally (power and energy) .**
- D. Power supply.** the voltage range of power supply is AC/DC 80~270V.In order to protect the meter, we suggest install 1A fuse for the phase line when adopting alternating current power supply. In the region where the quality of electricity is poor, we suggest use surge suppresser and fast impulse suppresser.



### III. Operation Instruction

#### 3.1 Nameplate



Picture 7.Nameplate

#### 3.2 Display

By setting the DCW (display control word) to program display modes. Or push “◀”, “▶” to switch display mode manually, it will return to previous display mode after 30 seconds. The details of the display modes as following:

| Display Mode | Example | Description   |
|--------------|---------|---|
| 0            | -       | Automatic circle display 5 modes  |
| 1            |         | Displays three phase voltage, UA UB UC(three phase three wire) and positive active energy<br>The picture left is displaying Ua is 220.6V, Ub is 219.7V, Uc is 220.3V, positive active energy is 334.15 kWh. |
| 2            |         | Displays three phase current and opposite active energy.<br>The picture left is showing Ia is 100.2A, Ib is 101.1A, Ic is 96.5A, opposite active energy is 196.03 kWh.                                      |

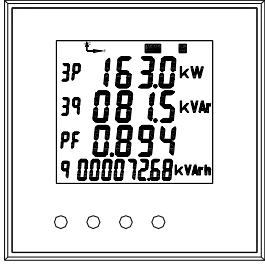
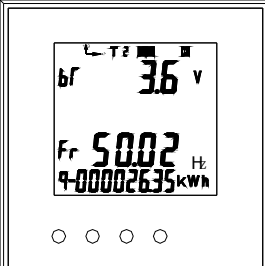
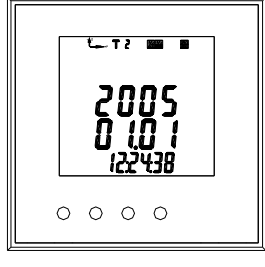
| Display Mode | Example  | Description   |
|--------------|--|---|
| 3            |   | Displays active power, reactive power, power factor and positive active energy.<br>The picture left is showing active power is 163.03kW, reactive power is 81.5kvar, positive reactive energy is 72.68kvarh |
| 4            |   | Displays voltage of the back-up batter, frequency and opposite reactive energy.<br>The picture left is showing frequency is 50.02Hz, opposite reactive energy is 26.35kvarh                                 |
| 5            |  | Displays the time and date<br>The picture left is showing time is 12:24:38, date is 2005-01-01  |

Figure 3-3-1 Display mode

### 3.3 Program operation

Under program operation, the meter provides menu for setup, input, communication, and analog output. Use LED displays hierarchical management: the first line displays first layer menu information, the second line displays the second layer menu information, the third line displays the third layer menu information.

The functions of the four pushbuttons are as the follows:

“MENU”: When the meter under measurement display mode, the pushbutton is for entering program mode. Press it, the meter will ask user to input password, programming and setting is available only after entering correct password. During programming, this pushbutton is for returning to upper menu.

“◀” and “▶”: When the meter under measurement display mode, these two pushbuttons are for circle display manually. During programming, they are for making the menu forth/back or the number increase/decrease. When inputting number, press it to increase/decrease the number quickly, or push “◀” or “▶” together with “←” or “MENU” to change the number as 10 or 100.

“↵”: When programming, the pushbutton is for confirming the modification and returning to upper menu. When displaying voltage, press it to switch displaying phase voltage and line voltage.

When return from programming mode to measurement display mode, the meter will show “save yes” to remind user if any parameter has been modified, press “menu” to quit without saving the settings. If you want to save the settings, then press “↵”. When restore the system as factory settings, the settings will effect directly, so it should

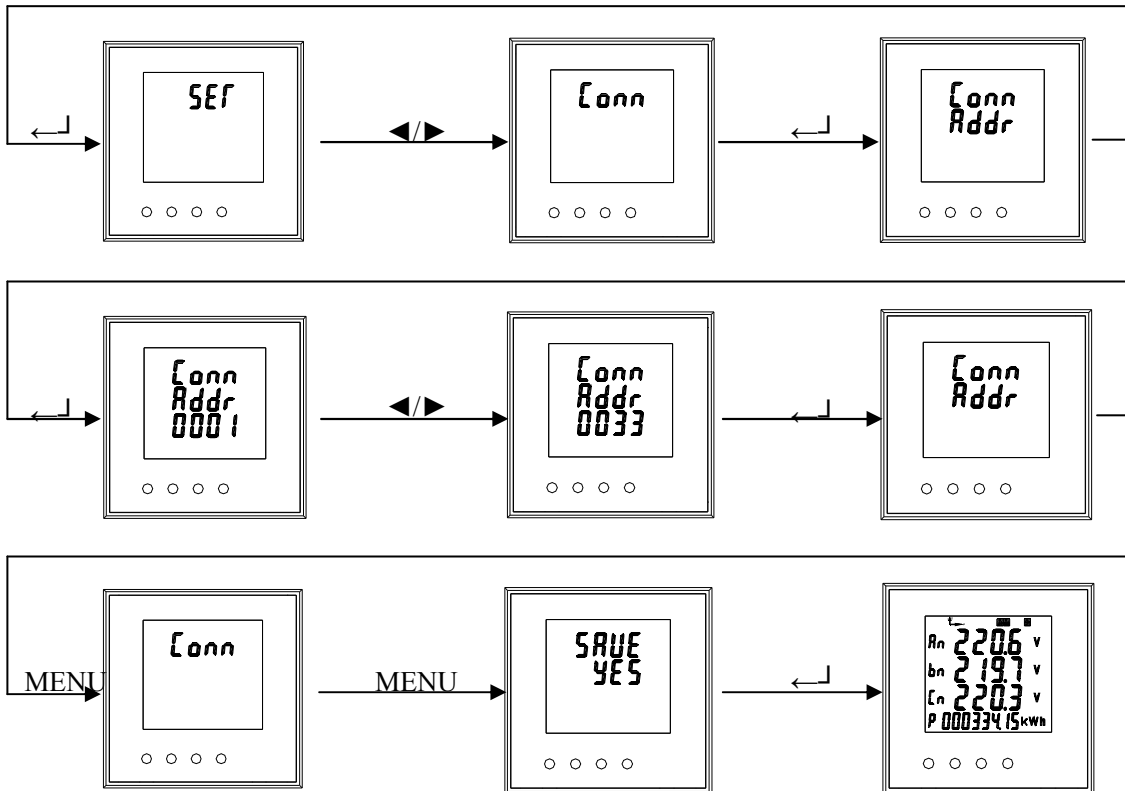
be very carefully when restore system, so that to avoid losing data. The menu's structure is as follows, users can set the proper parameters as per their own requirements.

| First layer | Second layer              | Third layer  | Description  |
|-------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| PSUD        | -                         | 8888   | Input password, only valid password can enter program  |
| SET         | DISP                      | 0-5  | Set display control word   |
|             | LIGT                      | 3 modes  | Backlight control modes: AUTO, ON, OFF。  |
|             | BRT                       | 1-16   | Adjust display brightness, 1-darkest, 16-brightest 。   |
|             | TURN                      | 1-99   | Turning time, it effects when DISP set as 0.   |
|             | DATE                      | YYYY.MM.DD   | Date setting, in this mode, the current item will flash when setting, push “◀” or “▶” to increase/decrease the item  |
|             | TIME                      | HH: MM: SS   | Time setting, in this mode, the current item will flash when setting, push “◀” or “▶” to increase/decrease the item  |
|             | ROLL                      | 1-15   | Step time, unit: minute  |
|             | SOUT                      | 0-1  | Second signal/reactive energy pulse output select (0-output second signal,1-second signal)   |
|             | CLR.E                     | YES  | After confirmation, reset the energy and demand data to zero   |
|             | D.CLR                     | YES  | After confirmation, reset the demand data to zero  |
| RSET        | YES                       | After confirmation, reset the system parameters as factory's setting |  |
| INPT        | nET                       | n.3.4 or n.3.3   | Electrical network type: 3P3W, 3P4W  |
|             | RAT.U <sup>1</sup>        | 1-9999   | Voltage variation  |
|             | RAT.I <sup>1</sup>        | 1-9999   | Current variation  |
| CONN        | ADDR                      | 1-247  | Meter Modbus communication address   |
|             | BAUD                      | 1200-38400   | Baud rate 1200、2400、4800、9600、19200、38400。   |
|             | DATA                      | 3 format   | NONE、ODD、EVEN。   |
|             | PROT                      | RTU/ASCII  | 2 communication modes:Modbus-RTU、 Modbus-ASCII。  |
| AO-x        | Item parameter 1<br>AOSIx | Item parameter 2<br>AOSx   | analog output setting, under item parameter 1, choose electric energy parameter, under item parameter 2, set electric energy parameter according to the full scale of the output. This function needs installing the analog output module, otherwise the setting is invalid. |
| DO-x        | Item parameter 1<br>DOSIx | Item parameter 2<br>DOSxL  | Switching output setting, under item parameter 1, choose electric energy parameter, under parameter 2 and parameter 3, set alarm lower limit and upper limit separately.(when set lower limit and upper limit,the second LED displays “-Lo-“ and “-HI-“                      |
|             |                           | Item parameter 3<br>DOSxH  |  |
| T.SET       | DT                        | DD HH  | Set auto month switching time (DD-day,HH-hour). in this mode, the current item will flash when setting, push “◀” or “▶” to increase/decrease the item  |

|  |       |           |   |
|--|-------|-----------|---|
|  | TS.XX | HH: MM RR | Set the starting time of time period, RR stands for the tariff number.<br>in this mode, the current item will flash when setting, push “◀” or “▶” to increase/decrease the item |
|--|-------|-----------|---|

Figure 8

- Note:**
1. The product of voltage and current variation rate should be  $\leq 100000$ , otherwise some displayed data will be overflow
  2. when x is 1、2、3 or 4, it is for no.1, no.2, no.3, or no.4 analog (or switching) output setting
  3. XX range from 1-10, stand for 10 periods of time.
  4. demand period is fixed to be 15 minutes. User can't reset again within 5 minutes after resetting the demand, it won't be effect.



Picture 8 program process

### 3.4 Multi-rate energy and demand message inquiry

Under measuring display, push the “MENU” twice continuously to enter multi-rate energy and demand inquiry mode, then the first line of LCD will display “display code”( get the “display code” in appendix 1), the details of display are as follows:

| Display mode | Example | Description |
|--------------|---------|-------------|
|--------------|---------|-------------|

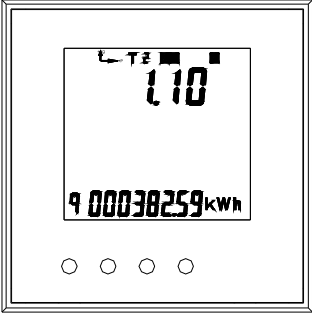
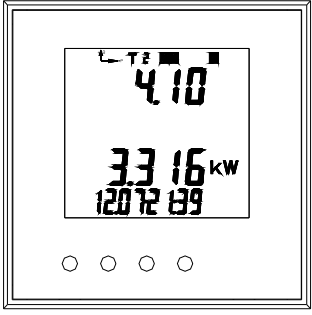
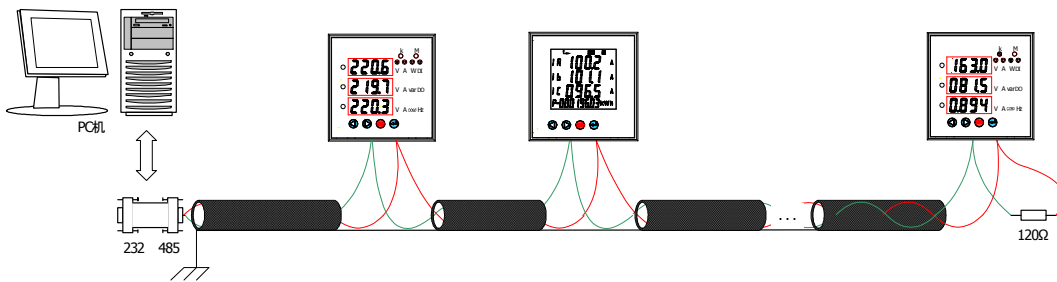
|                                    |   |   |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Multi-rate<br>Energy               |  | The display code of left picture is 1.10, means the active forward energy of current month is 382.59kWh.                                    |
| Demand and<br>the time<br>occurred |  | The display code of left picture is 4.10, means the maximum demand of current month is 3.316kW, occurred at 21:39, 7 <sup>th</sup> December |

Figure 3 multi-rate energy and demand message inquiry mode

## IV. Communication

### 4.1 Forward

PD76-24C-M7F provides RS485 communication port, adopts Modbus (both Modbus-RTU and Modbus-ASCII) communication protocol. Up to 32 meters can be connected together with single communication wire, you can set its own communication address for each of them. Different series meter varies in the number of communication wiring terminals. it should use twisted-pair wire for communication connecting, and diameter of the twisted-pair wire should not be less than  $0.5\text{mm}^2$ . The communication wire should be away from strong electric cable or strong electric field, maximal communication distance is 1200 meters, the typical wiring method is as picture 9 shown. User can also select other proper wiring method according to site situation.



Picture 9 Communication connecting

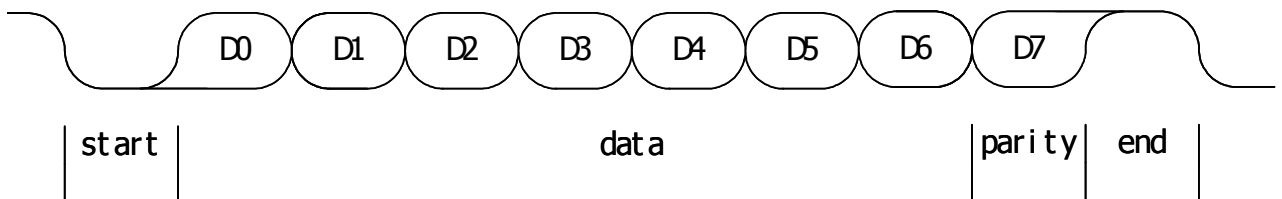
Modbus protocol uses a master-slave technique, in which firstly one device (the master) initiates transactions (queries). The other devices (the slaves) respond by supplying the requested data to the master, or by taking the action requested in the query. The work mode is semi-duplex.

Modbus protocol only allows the communication between master (PC, PLC, etc) and slaves, and does not allow the data exchange between independent terminal devices. As a result, the terminal devices will not use communication line when initialization, only response the query signal.

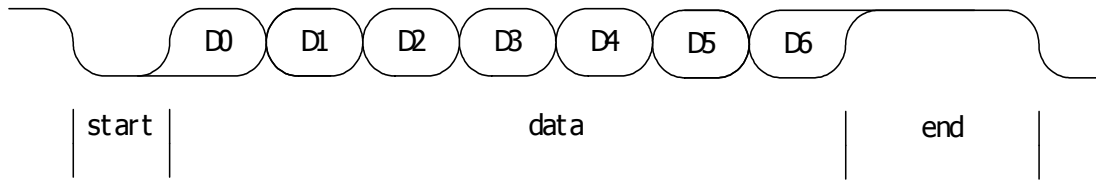
### 4.2 te ormat

#### 4.2.1 ASCII mode

When controllers are setup to communicate on a Modbus network using ASCII mode, each eight-bit byte in a message is sent as two ASCII characters. The main advantage of this mode is that it allows time intervals of up to one second to occur between characters without causing an error. Each transmission contains 10 bit serial data. During transmission, lower bit first, then higher bit. User can select odd, even or without parity. The transmission sequence of both types are as follows:



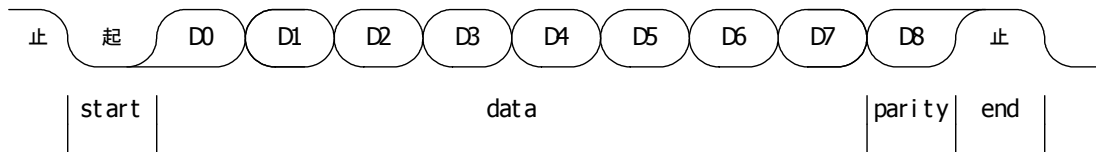
Picture transmission sequence with parity bit (ASCII mode)



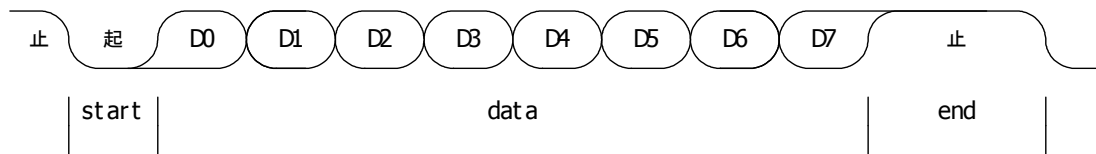
Picture transmission sequence without parity bit (ASCII mode)

#### 4.2.2 RTU mode

When controllers are setup to communicate on a Modbus network using RTU mode, each byte in the frame can be used for transaction directly. So its greater character density allows better data throughput than ASCII for the same baud rate. Each transmission contains 11 bit serial data. During transmission, lower bit first, then higher bit. User can select odd, even or without parity. The transmission sequence of both types are as follows:



Picture transmission sequence with parity bit (mode)



Picture transmission sequence without parity bit (mode)

#### 4.3 Frame Format

Frame is the basic unit for transaction message. In Modbus protocol, master and slave use the same frame format. In ASCII mode, messages start with a colon ( : ) character (ASCII 3A hex), and end with a carriage return-line feed (CRLF) pair (ASCII 0D and 0A hex). The allowable characters transmitted for all other fields are hexadecimal 0 ... 9, A ... F. The frame format as shown in figure 4.

| Start addressing | Address code | Function code | Data field | LRC check | End      |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| : (3AH)          | 2 bytes      | 2 bytes       | N bytes    | 2 bytes   | 0DH, 0AH |

Figure 4 ASCII frame format

In RTU mode, messages start with as well as end at a silent interval of at least 3.5 character times. The entire message frame must be transmitted as a continuous stream. If a silent interval of more than 1.5 character times occurs before completion of the frame, the receiving device flushes the incomplete message and assumes that the next byte will be the address field of a new message. RTU message format as shown in figure 5.

| Start                 | Address code | Function code | Data field | LRC check | end                   |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| 4-bytes interval time | 1 byte       | 1 byte        | N byte     | 2 bytes   | 4-bytes interval time |

Figure 5 RTU frame format

### 4.3.1 Address code (Address)

Address code is to specify which slave communicates with the master, each slave has its unique address code. Both address code sending to or response from the slave indicates its address. Available addresses are 1-247, the rest are reserved.

### 4.3.2 Function code (Function)

Function code is to specify what function the slave to perform. The supported function codes and their definition as well as their operation are listed below.

| Function code | Definition                             | Operation                                     |
|---------------|--|---|
| 03/04H        | Read register                          | Read data from the register(s)                |
| 10H           | Write one or more continuous registers | Write n*16-bit binary number into.n registers |

**Figure 6 Function code**

### 4.3.3 Date field (Data)

Data field are different because of different function code. These data can be numerical value, reference address, etc. for instance, function code 03H specifies the value which meter read register, then the data field much contain the start address and read length of the register.

### 4.3.4 Verify code

Verify code is to estimate the data received correct or not for the master and slave, it guarantees the communication system more reliable.

Modbus-ASCII adopts the LRC to verify, The LRC is calculated by adding together successive eight-bit bytes in the message, discarding any carries, and then two's complementing the result. The LRC is an eight-bit field, therefore each new addition of a character that would result in a value higher than 255 decimal simply rolls over the field's value through zero. Because there is no ninth bit, the carry is discarded automatically.

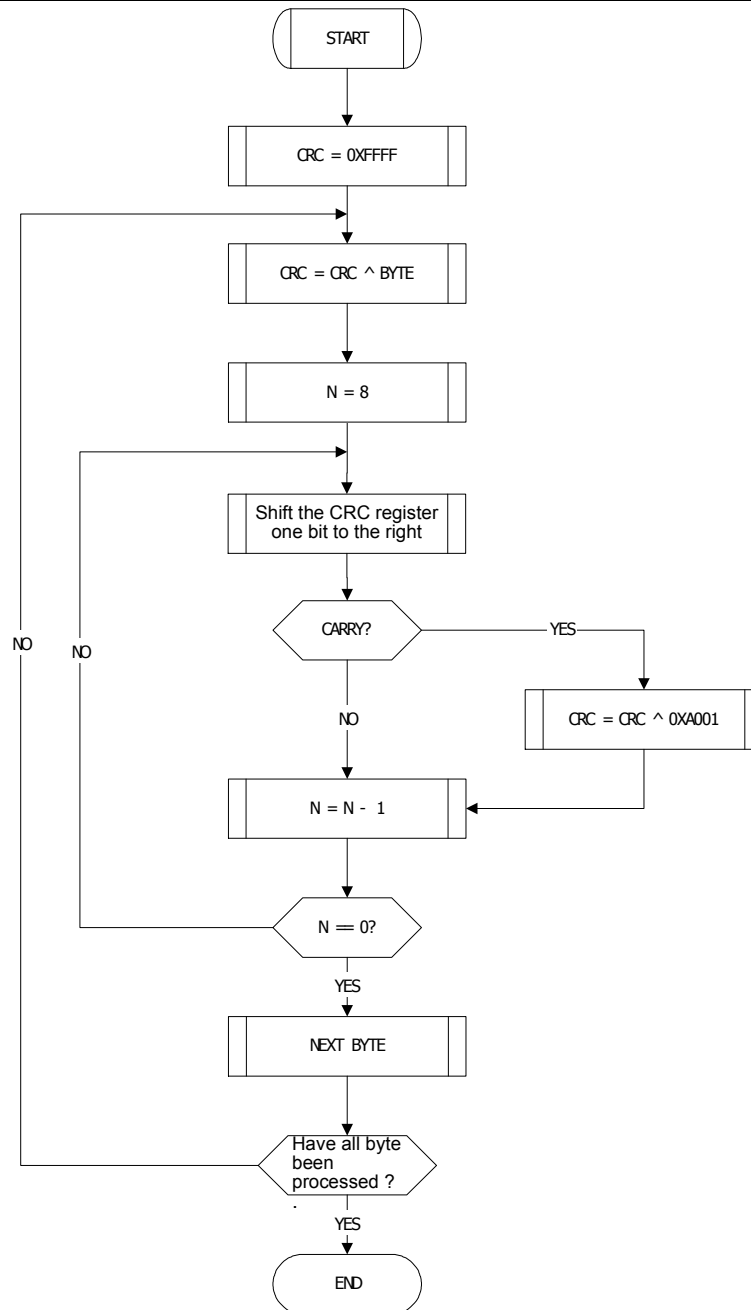
Modbus-RTU adopts the CRC-16 to verify, it contains a 16-bit binary value. The CRC value is calculated by the transmitting device, which appends the CRC to the message. The receiving device recalculates a CRC during receipt of the message, and compares the calculated value to the actual value it received in the CRC field. If the two values are not equal, an error results.

The CRC is started by first preloading a 16-bit register to all 1's. Then a process begins of applying successive eight-bit bytes of the message to the current contents of the register. Only the eight bits of data in each character are used for generating the CRC. Start and stop bits, and the parity bit, do not apply to the CRC.

During generation of the CRC, each eight-bit character is exclusive ORed with the register contents. The result is shifted in the direction of the least significant bit (LSB), with a zero filled into the most significant bit (MSB) position. The LSB is extracted and examined. If the LSB was a 1, the register is then exclusive ORed with a preset, fixed value. If the LSB was a 0, no exclusive OR takes place.

This process is repeated until eight shifts have been performed. After the last (eighth) shift, the next eight-bit character is exclusive ORed with the register's current value, and the process repeats for eight more shifts as described above. The final contents of the register, after all the characters of the message have been applied, is the CRC value. The calculating process of CRC-16 is as follow.





Picture 14, calculating progress of CRC-16 verify code

#### 4.4 Error management

The meter will response message when it has examined error which out of the error codes, the highest bit of function code is 1. That is, the function code slave response is what it received plus 128. The format of error message frame which rebound from the slave is as follows:

| Address code | Function code<br>(highest bit 1) | Error code | Verification code |           |
|--------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|
|              |                                  |            | Low byte          | High byte |
| 1 byte       | 1 byte                           | 1 byte     | 1 byte            | 1 byte    |

Figure 7 Invalid message frame format return from the slave

Error code as follows:

Invalid function code      Meter doesn't support the function code received

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Invalid data address | The data address received is out of range |
| Invalid data value   | The date value received is out of range   |

#### 4.5 Samples of Communication message

##### 4.5.1 Read Register (function code 03/04H)

This function allows user to obtain the data and system parameters which the meter sampling and recording. The maximal register number which master requests is 125. The following sample is reading three basic data IA、IB、IC from the client which address code is 01H (the length of each register is 2 bytes, the start address of IA is 0100H, number of register is 3).

|                           | ASCII code | HEX code        |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Start                     | :          | 3AH             |
| Address code              | 01         | 30H 31H         |
| Function code             | 03         | 30H 33H         |
| Original register address | 0107       | 30H 31H 30H 37H |
| Number of register        | 0003       | 30H 30H 30H 33H |
| Verification code         | F1         | 46H 31H         |
| Stop                      | <CR><LF>   | 0DH 0AH         |

**Figure 8 read register master demand data frame (ASCII code)**

|                           |                       |     |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----|
| Start                     | 4 bytes time interval |     |
| Address code              | 01H                   |     |
| Function code             | 03H                   |     |
| Original register address | High byte             | 01H |
|                           | Low byte              | 07H |
| Number of register        | High byte             | 00H |
|                           | Low byte              | 03H |
| Verification code         | Low byte              | B5H |
|                           | High byte             | F6H |
| Stop                      | 4 bytes time interval |     |

**Figure 9 Read register master inquire data frame(RTU mode)**

The data return from the master indicating IA 03EDH(1.005)、IB 03F0H(1.008)、IC 03E0H(0.992), the actually value of current can be gained according to the appendix.

|               | ASCII code | HEX code |
|---------------|------------|----------|
| Start         | :          | 3AH      |
| Address code  | 01         | 30H 31H  |
| Function code | 03         | 30H 33H  |
| Byte          | 06         | 30H 36H  |

|                   |          |                 |
|-------------------|----------|-----------------|
| Register 1 data   | 03ED     | 30H 33H 45H 44H |
| Register 2 data   | 03F0     | 30H 33H 46H 30H |
| Register 3 data   | 03E0     | 30H 33H 45H 30H |
| Verification code | 30       | 33H 30H         |
| Stop              | <CR><LF> | 0DH 0AH         |

**Figure 10 Write register slave response data frame**

|                   |                       |     |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----|
| Start             | 4 bytes time interval |     |
| Address code      | 01H                   |     |
| Function code     | 03H                   |     |
| Byte              | 06H                   |     |
| Register 1 data   | High byte             | 03H |
|                   | Low byte              | EDH |
| Register 2 data   | High byte             | 03H |
|                   | Low byte              | F0H |
| Register 3 data   | High byte             | 03H |
|                   | Low byte              | E0H |
| Verification code | Low byte              | 8CH |
|                   | High byte             | 5EH |
| Stop              | 4 bytes time interval |     |

**Figure 11 Read register slave response data frame**

#### 4.5.2 Write multiple register (10H)

This function is for the master to write multiple data into register, the register should be writable, and the number should be within the range of address. The maximal number of registers which Modbus communication protocol allows to save into is 60. Following is the example of setting LED display to the lightest (grade 16<sup>th</sup>)

|                           | ASCII code | HEX code        |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Start                     | :          | 3AH             |
| Address code              | 01         | 30H 31H         |
| Function code             | 10         | 31H 30H         |
| Original register address | 000A       | 30H 30H 30H 41H |
| Number of register        | 0001       | 30H 30H 30H 31H |
| Write bytes               | 02         | 30H 32H         |
| Write data                | 0010       | 30H 30H 31H 30H |
| Verification code         | D2         | 44H 32H         |
| Stop                      | <CR><LF>   | 0DH 0AH         |

**Figure 12 write register server enquire data frame (ASCII mode)**

|                           |           |                       |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Start                     |           | 4 bytes time interval |
| Address code              |           | 01H                   |
| Function code             |           | 10H                   |
| Original register address | High byte | 00H                   |
|                           | Low byte  | 0AH                   |
| Number of register        | High byte | 00H                   |
|                           | Low byte  | 01H                   |
| Write byte                |           | 02H                   |
| Write data                | High byte | 00H                   |
|                           | Low byte  | 10H                   |
| Verification code         | Low byte  | A7H                   |
|                           | High byte | 36H                   |
| Stop                      |           | 4 bytes time interval |

**Figure 13 Write register master enquire data frame (RTU mode)**

|                           | ASCII code | HEX code        |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Start                     | :          | 3AH             |
| Address code              | 01         | 30H 31H         |
| Function code             | 10         | 31H 30H         |
| Original register address | 000A       | 30H 30H 30H 41H |
| Number of write register  | 0001       | 30H 30H 30H 31H |
| Verification code         | E4         | 45H 34H         |
| Stop                      | <CR><LF>   | 0DH 0AH         |

**Figure 14 Write register slave response data frame (ASCII mode)**

|                           |           |                       |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Start                     |           | 4 bytes time interval |
| Address code              |           | 01H                   |
| Function code             |           | 10H                   |
| Original register address | High byte | 00H                   |
|                           | Low byte  | 0AH                   |
| Number of register        | High byte | 00H                   |
|                           | Low byte  | 01H                   |
| Verification code         | Low byte  | 21H                   |
|                           | High byte | CBH                   |
| Stop                      |           | 4 bytes time interval |

**Figure 15 Write register slave response data frame (RTU mode)**

## Appendix

### 1. Address information

| System Parameters |                 |        |  |          |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------|--|----------|
| Address           | Initial setting | Item   | Description  | Property |
| 0000H             | -               | SERH   | Series Number high bit                                     | R        |
| 0001H             | -               | SERL   | Series Number low bit                                      | R        |
| 0002H             | -               | STATE  | System working state (reserved)                            | R        |
| 0003H             | 8888            | PSW    | Password for programming                                   | R/W      |
| 0004H             | 1               | ADDR   | Meter address  | R/W      |
| 0005H             | 9600            | CBS    | Select baud rate   | R/W      |
| 0006H             | 1.8.N.2         | CDS    | Select communication data format                           | R/W      |
| 0007H             | RTU             | CPS    | Select communication protocol                              | R/W      |
| 0008H             | 0               | DCW    | Display control word                                       | R/W      |
| 0009H             | 2               | DTT    | When DCW=0 displays turning time, Unit: second             | R/W      |
| 000AH             | 8               | BCW    | Backlight and brightness control word                      | R/W      |
| 000BH             | 0               | NET    | Network type (0 3P4W, 1 3P3W)                              | R/W      |
| 000CH             | 1               | URATIO | Voltage ratio <sup>1</sup>                                 | R/W      |
| 000DH             | 1               | IRATIO | Current ratio <sup>1</sup>                                 | R/W      |
| 000EH             | -               | WRST   | Reset energy accumulate value                              | R/W      |
| 000FH             | 0               | AOSI1  | Analog output 1 item setting                               | R/W      |
| 0010H             | 9999            | AOS1   | Analog output 1 full scale output parameters value setting | R/W      |
| 0011H             | 0               | AOSI2  | Analog output 2 item setting                               | R/W      |
| 0012H             | 9999            | AOS2   | Analog output 2 full scale output parameters value setting | R/W      |
| 0013H             | 0               | AOSI3  | Analog output 3 item setting                               | R/W      |
| 0014H             | 9999            | AOS3   | Analog output 3 full scale output parameters value setting | R/W      |
| 0015H             | 0               | AOSI4  | Analog output 4 item setting                               | R/W      |
| 0016H             | 9999            | AOS4   | Analog output 4 full scale output parameters value setting | R/W      |
| 0017H             | 0               | DOSI1  | Switching output 1 item setting                            | R/W      |
| 0018H             | 0000            | DOS1L  | Switching output 1 alarm lower limit value                 | R/W      |
| 0019H             | 9999            | DOS1H  | Switching output 1 alarm upper limit value                 | R/W      |
| 001AH             | 0               | DOSI2  | Switching output 2 item setting                            | R/W      |
| 001BH             | 0000            | DOS2L  | Switching output 2 alarm lower limit value                 | R/W      |
| 001CH             | 9999            | DOS2H  | Switching output 2 alarm upper limit value                 | R/W      |
| 001DH             | 0               | DOSI3  | Switching output 3 item setting                            | R/W      |
| 001EH             | 0000            | DOS3L  | Switching output 3 alarm lower limit value                 | R/W      |
| 001FH             | 9999            | DOS3H  | Switching output 3 alarm upper limit value                 | R/W      |

|                     |                 |        |   |          |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------|---|----------|
| 0020H               | 0               | DOSI4  | Switching output 4 item setting                   | R/W      |
| 0021H               | 0000            | DOS4L  | Switching output 4 alarm lower limit value        | R/W      |
| 0022H               | 9999            | DOS4H  | Switching output 4 alarm upper limit value        | R/W      |
| Working information |                 |        |   |          |
| Address             | Initial setting | Item   | Description                                       | Property |
| 0100H               | -               | DIO    | Switching state                                   | R        |
| Electrical data     |                 |        |   |          |
| Address             | Energy address  | Item   | Description                                       | Property |
| 0101H               | 1/129           | UA/UAB | A phase voltage(3P4W)/AB phase voltage(3P3W)      | R        |
| 0102H               | 2/130           | UB/UBC | B phase voltage(3P4W)/BC phase voltage(3P3W)      | R        |
| 0103H               | 3/131           | UC/UCA | C phase voltage(3P4W)/CA phase voltage(3P3W)      | R        |
| 0104H               | 4/132           | UAB    | AB line voltage(3P4W)                             | R        |
| 0105H               | 5/133           | UBC    | BC line voltage(3P4W)                             | R        |
| 0106H               | 6/134           | UCA    | CA line voltage(3P4W)                             | R        |
| 0107H               | 7/135           | IA     | A phase current                                   | R        |
| 0108H               | 8/136           | IB     | B phase current                                   | R        |
| 0109H               | 9/137           | IC     | C phase current                                   | R        |
| 010AH               | 10/138          | PS     | Total active power                                | R        |
| 010BH               | 11/139          | PA     | A Phase active power                              | R        |
| 010CH               | 12/140          | PB     | B Phase active power                              | R        |
| 010DH               | 13/141          | PC     | C Phase active power                              | R        |
| 010EH               | 14/142          | QS     | Total reactive power                              | R        |
| 010FH               | 15/143          | QA     | A Phase reactive power                            | R        |
| 0110H               | 16/144          | QB     | B Phase reactive power                            | R        |
| 0111H               | 17/145          | QC     | C Phase reactive power                            | R        |
| 0112H               | 18/146          | PFS    | Total power factor                                | R        |
| 0113H               | 19/147          | PFA    | A Phase power factor                              | R        |
| 0114H               | 20/148          | PFB    | B Phase power factor                              | R        |
| 0115H               | 21/149          | PFC    | C Phase power factor                              | R        |
| 0116H               | 22/150          | SS     | Total apparent power                              | R        |
| 0117H               | 23/151          | SA     | A Phase apparent power                            | R        |
| 0118H               | 24/152          | SB     | B Phase apparent power                            | R        |
| 0119H               | 25/153          | SC     | C Phase apparent power                            | R        |
| 011AH               | 26/154          | FR     | Frequency   | R        |
| Energy data         |                 |        |   |          |
| Address             | Display code    | Item   | Description                                       | property |
| 011BH               | 1.10            | +Wh(H) | (current) total forward active energy consumption | R        |

|       |      |           |   |   |
|-------|------|-----------|---|---|
| 011CH |      | +Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 011DH | 1.11 | +Wh(H)    | (current) T1 forward active energy consumption      | R |
| 011EH |      | +Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 011FH | 1.12 | +Wh(H)    | (current) T2 forward active energy consumption      | R |
| 0120H |      | +Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 0121H | 1.13 | +Wh(H)    | (current) T3 forward active energy consumption      | R |
| 0122H |      | +Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 0123H | 1.14 | +Wh(H)    | (current) T4 forward active energy consumption      | R |
| 0124H |      | +Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 0125H | 1.20 | -Wh(H)    | (current) total reverse active energy consumption   | R |
| 0126H |      | -Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 0127H | 1.21 | -Wh(H)    | (current) T1 reverse active energy consumption      | R |
| 0128H |      | -Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 0129H | 1.22 | -Wh(H)    | (current) T2 reverse active energy consumption      | R |
| 012AH |      | -Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 012BH | 1.23 | -Wh(H)    | (current) T3 reverse active energy consumption      | R |
| 012CH |      | -Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 012DH | 1.24 | -Wh(H)    | (current) T4 reverse active energy consumption      | R |
| 012EH |      | -Wh(L)    |   | R |
| 012FH | 1.30 | +varh (H) | (current) total forward reactive energy consumption | R |
| 0130H |      | +varh (L) |   | R |
| 0131H | 1.31 | +varh (H) | (current) T1 forward reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 0132H |      | +varh (L) |   | R |
| 0133H | 1.32 | +varh (H) | (current) T2 forward reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 0134H |      | +varh (L) |   | R |
| 0135H | 1.33 | +varh (H) | (current) T3 forward reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 0136H |      | +varh (L) |   | R |
| 0137H | 1.34 | +varh (H) | (current) T4 forward reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 0138H |      | +varh (L) |   | R |
| 0139H | 1.40 | -varh (H) | (current) total reverse reactive energy consumption | R |
| 013AH |      | -varh (L) |   | R |
| 013BH | 1.41 | -varh (H) | (current) T1 reverse reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 013CH |      | -varh (L) |   | R |
| 013DH | 1.42 | -varh (H) | (current) T2 reverse reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 013EH |      | -varh (L) |   | R |
| 013FH | 1.43 | -varh (H) | (current) T3 reverse reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 0140H |      | -varh (L) |   | R |

|       |      |           |  |   |
|-------|------|-----------|--|---|
| 0141H | 1.44 | -varh (H) | (current) T4 reverse reactive energy consumption       | R |
| 0142H |      | -varh (L) |  | R |
| 0143H | 2.10 | +Wh(H)    | (last month) total forward active energy consumption   | R |
| 0144H |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 0145H | 2.11 | +Wh(H)    | (last month) T1 forward active energy consumption      | R |
| 0146H |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 0147H | 2.12 | +Wh(H)    | (last month) T2 forward active energy consumption      | R |
| 0148H |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 0149H | 2.13 | +Wh(H)    | (last month) T3 forward active energy consumption      | R |
| 014AH |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 014BH | 2.14 | +Wh(H)    | (last month) T4 forward active energy consumption      | R |
| 014CH |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 014DH | 2.20 | -Wh(H)    | (last month) total reverse active energy consumption   | R |
| 014EH |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 014FH | 2.21 | -Wh(H)    | (last month) T1 reverse active energy consumption      | R |
| 0150H |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 0151H | 2.22 | -Wh(H)    | (last month) T2 reverse active energy consumption      | R |
| 0152H |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 0153H | 2.23 | -Wh(H)    | (last month) T3 reverse active energy consumption      | R |
| 0154H |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 0155H | 2.24 | -Wh(H)    | (last month) T4 reverse active energy consumption      | R |
| 0156H |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R |
| 0157H | 2.30 | +varh (H) | (last month) total forward reactive energy consumption | R |
| 0158H |      | +varh (L) |  | R |
| 0159H | 2.31 | +varh (H) | (last month) T1 forward reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 015AH |      | +varh (L) |  | R |
| 015BH | 2.32 | +varh (H) | (last month) T2 forward reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 015CH |      | +varh (L) |  | R |
| 015DH | 2.33 | +varh (H) | (last month) T3 forward reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 015EH |      | +varh (L) |  | R |
| 015FH | 2.34 | +varh (H) | (last month) T4 forward reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 0160H |      | +varh (L) |  | R |
| 0161H | 2.40 | -varh (H) | (last month) total reverse reactive energy consumption | R |
| 0162H |      | -varh (L) |  | R |
| 0163H | 2.41 | -varh (H) | (last month) T1 reverse reactive energy consumption    | R |
| 0164H |      | -varh (L) |  | R |
| 0165H | 2.42 | -varh (H) | (last month) T2 reverse reactive energy consumption    | R |



|       |      |           |  |   |
|-------|------|-----------|--|---|
| 0166H |      | -varh (L) |  | R   |
| 0167H | 2.43 | -varh (H) | (last month) T3 reverse reactive energy consumption          | R   |
| 0168H |      | -varh (L) |  | R   |
| 0169H | 2.44 | -varh (H) |  | (last month) T4 reverse reactive energy consumption |
| 016AH |      | -varh (L) | R  |   |
| 016BH | 3.10 | +Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) total forward active energy consumption   | R   |
| 016CH |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 016DH | 3.11 | +Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) T1 forward active energy consumption      | R   |
| 016EH |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 016FH | 3.12 | +Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) T2 forward active energy consumption      | R   |
| 0170H |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 0171H | 3.13 | +Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) T3 forward active energy consumption      | R   |
| 0172H |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 0173H | 3.14 | +Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) T4 forward active energy consumption      | R   |
| 0174H |      | +Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 0175H | 3.20 | -Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) total reverse active energy consumption   | R   |
| 0176H |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 0177H | 3.21 | -Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) T1 reverse active energy consumption      | R   |
| 0178H |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 0179H | 3.22 | -Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) T2 reverse active energy consumption      | R   |
| 017AH |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 017BH | 3.23 | -Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) T3 reverse active energy consumption      | R   |
| 017CH |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 017DH | 3.24 | -Wh(H)    | ( two months ago ) T4 reverse active energy consumption      | R   |
| 017EH |      | -Wh(L)    |  | R   |
| 017FH | 3.30 | +varh (H) | ( two months ago ) total forward reactive energy consumption | R   |
| 0180H |      | +varh (L) |  | R   |
| 0181H | 3.31 | +varh (H) | ( two months ago ) T1 forward reactive energy consumption    | R   |
| 0182H |      | +varh (L) |  | R   |
| 0183H | 3.32 | +varh (H) | ( two months ago ) T2 forward reactive energy consumption    | R   |
| 0184H |      | +varh (L) |  | R   |
| 0185H | 3.33 | +varh (H) | ( two months ago ) T3 forward reactive energy consumption    | R   |
| 0186H |      | +varh (L) |  | R   |
| 0187H | 3.34 | +varh (H) | ( two months ago ) T4 forward reactive energy consumption    | R   |
| 0188H |      | +varh (L) |  | R   |
| 0189H | 3.40 | -varh (H) | ( two months ago ) total reverse reactive energy consumption | R   |
| 018AH |      | -varh (L) |  | R   |

| 018BH                  | 3.41            | -varh (H) | ( two months ago ) T1 reverse reactive energy consumption                | R        |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------|--|----------|
| 018CH                  |                 | -varh (L) |  | R        |
| 018DH                  | 3.42            | -varh (H) | ( two months ago ) T2 reverse reactive energy consumption                | R        |
| 018EH                  |                 | -varh (L) |  | R        |
| 018FH                  | 3.43            | -varh (H) | ( two months ago ) T3 reverse reactive energy consumption                | R        |
| 0190H                  |                 | -varh (L) |  | R        |
| 0191H                  | 3.44            | -varh (H) | ( two months ago ) T4 reverse reactive energy consumption                | R        |
| 0192H                  |                 | -varh (L) |  | R        |
| Multi-rate information |                 |           |  |          |
| Address                | Initial setting | Itme      | Description  | Property |
| 0200H                  | -               | RTC       | Minute second (MMSS)   | R/W      |
| 0201H                  | -               |           | Day hour (DDHH)  | R/W      |
| 0202H                  | -               |           | Year month (YYMM)  | R/W      |
| 0203H                  | 01.00           | ADT       | AMR date and time (DDHH)   | R/W      |
| 0204H                  | 1               | RATE1     | Time period 1 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 0205H                  | 00:00           | PS1       | Time period 1 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 0206H                  | 1               | RATE2     | Time period 2 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 0207H                  | 00:00           | PS2       | Time period 2 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 0208H                  | 1               | RATE3     | Time period 3 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 0209H                  | 00:00           | PS3       | Time period 3 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 020AH                  | 1               | RATE4     | Time period 4 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 020BH                  | 00:00           | PS4       | Time period 4 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 020CH                  | 1               | RATE5     | Time period 5 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 020DH                  | 00:00           | PS5       | Time period 5 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 020EH                  | 1               | RATE6     | Time period 6 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 020FH                  | 00:00           | PS6       | Time period 6 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 0210H                  | 1               | RATE7     | Time period 7 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 0211H                  | 00:00           | PS7       | Time period 7 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 0212H                  | 1               | RATE8     | Time period 8 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 0213H                  | 00:00           | PS8       | Time period 8 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 0214H                  | 1               | RATE9     | Time period 9 rate setting   | R/W      |
| 0215H                  | 00:00           | PS9       | Time period 9 starting time setting                                      | R/W      |
| 0216H                  | 1               | RATE10    | Time period 10 rate setting  | R/W      |
| 0217H                  | 00:00           | PS10      | Time period 10 starting time setting                                     | R/W      |
| 0218H                  | 1               | ROLL      | Demand step time   | R/W      |
| 0219H                  | 0               | SOUT      | Second signal/reactive pulse output select (0-reactive, 1-second signal) | R/W      |

| 021AH              | -            | CPR      | Rate of current time period (high bit is time period)                           | R        |
|--------------------|--------------|----------|---|----------|
| 021BH              | -            | BATT     | Voltage of back-up battery  | R        |
| Demand information |              |          |   |          |
| Address            | Display code | Item     | Description   | Property |
| 0300H              | 4.10         | DPP      | Current month forward active demand   | R        |
| 0301H              |              | DPPT(H)  | Occur time of current month forward active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute)    | R        |
| 0302H              |              | DPPT(L)  |   | R        |
| 0303H              | 4.11         | DPP1     | Current month T1 forward active demand  | R        |
| 0304H              |              | DPPT1(H) | Occur time of current month T1 forward active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute) | R        |
| 0305H              |              | DPPT1(L) |   | R        |
| 0306H              | 4.12         | DPP2     | Current month T2 forward active demand  | R        |
| 0307H              |              | DPPT2(H) | Occur time of current month T2 forward active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute) | R        |
| 0308H              |              | DPPT2(L) |   | R        |
| 0309H              | 4.13         | DPP3     | Current month T3 forward active demand  | R        |
| 030AH              |              | DPPT3(H) | Occur time of current month T3 forward active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute) | R        |
| 030BH              |              | DPPT3(L) |   | R        |
| 030CH              | 4.14         | DPP4     | Current month T4 forward active demand  | R        |
| 030DH              |              | DPPT4(H) | Occur time of current month T4 forward active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute) | R        |
| 030EH              |              | DPPT4(L) |   | R        |
| 030FH              | 4.20         | DPP      | Current month reverse active demand   | R        |
| 0310H              |              | DPPT(H)  | Occur time of current month reverse active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute)    | R        |
| 0311H              |              | DPPT(L)  |   | R        |
| 0312H              | 4.21         | DPP1     | Current month T1 reverse active demand  | R        |
| 0313H              |              | DPPT1(H) | Occur time of current month T1 reverse active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute) | R        |
| 0314H              |              | DPPT1(L) |   | R        |
| 0315H              | 4.22         | DPP2     | Current month T2 reverse active demand  | R        |
| 0316H              |              | DPPT2(H) | Occur time of current month T2 reverse active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute) | R        |
| 0317H              |              | DPPT2(L) |   | R        |
| 0318H              | 4.23         | DPP3     | Current month T3 reverse active demand  | R        |
| 0319H              |              | DPPT3(H) | Occur time of current month T3 reverse active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute) | R        |
| 031AH              |              | DPPT3(L) |   | R        |
| 031BH              | 4.24         | DPP4     | Current month T4 reverse active demand  | R        |
| 031CH              |              | DPPT4(H) | Occur time of current month T4 reverse active demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute) | R        |
| 031DH              |              | DPPT4(L) |   | R        |
| 031EH              | 4.30         | DPP      | Current month forward reactive demand   | R        |
| 031FH              |              | DPPT(H)  | Occur time of current month forward reactive demand<br>(Month/day/hour/minute)  | R        |
| 0320H              |              | DPPT(L)  |   | R        |

|       |      |          |  |   |
|-------|------|----------|--|---|
| 0321H | 4.31 | DPP1     | Current month T1 forward reactive demand               | R |
| 0322H |      | DPPT1(H) | Occur time of current month T1 forward reactive demand | R |
| 0323H |      | DPPT1(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 0324H | 4.32 | DPP2     | Current month T2 forward reactive demand               | R |
| 0325H |      | DPPT2(H) | Occur time of current month T2 forward reactive demand | R |
| 0326H |      | DPPT2(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 0327H | 4.33 | DPP3     | Current month T3 forward reactive demand               | R |
| 0328H |      | DPPT3(H) | Occur time of current month T3 forward reactive demand | R |
| 0329H |      | DPPT3(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 032AH | 4.34 | DPP4     | Current month T4 forward reactive demand               | R |
| 032BH |      | DPPT4(H) | Occur time of current month T4 forward reactive demand | R |
| 032CH |      | DPPT4(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 032DH | 4.40 | DPP      | Current month reverse reactive demand                  | R |
| 032EH |      | DPPT(H)  | Occur time of current month reverse reactive demand    | R |
| 032FH |      | DPPT(L)  | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 0330H | 4.41 | DPP1     | Current month T1 reverse reactive demand               | R |
| 0331H |      | DPPT1(H) | Occur time of current month T1 reverse reactive demand | R |
| 0332H |      | DPPT1(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 0333H | 4.42 | DPP2     | Current month T2 reverse reactive demand               | R |
| 0334H |      | DPPT2(H) | Occur time of current month T2 reverse reactive demand | R |
| 0335H |      | DPPT2(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 0336H | 4.43 | DPP3     | Current month T3 reverse reactive demand               | R |
| 0337H |      | DPPT3(H) | Occur time of current month T3 reverse reactive demand | R |
| 0338H |      | DPPT3(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 0339H | 4.44 | DPP4     | Current month T4 reverse reactive demand               | R |
| 033AH |      | DPPT4(H) | Occur time of current month T4 reverse reactive demand | R |
| 033BH |      | DPPT4(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 033CH | 5.10 | DPP      | Last month forward active demand                       | R |
| 033DH |      | DPPT(H)  | Occur time of last month forward active demand         | R |
| 033EH |      | DPPT(L)  | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 033FH | 5.11 | DPP1     | Last month T1 forward active demand                    | R |
| 0340H |      | DPPT1(H) | Occur time of last month T1 forward active demand      | R |
| 0341H |      | DPPT1(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 0342H | 5.12 | DPP2     | Last month T2 forward active demand                    | R |
| 0343H |      | DPPT2(H) | Occur time of last month T2 forward active demand      | R |
| 0344H |      | DPPT2(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                | R |
| 0345H | 5.13 | DPP3     | Last month T3 forward active demand                    | R |

|       |      |          |   |   |
|-------|------|----------|---|---|
| 0346H |      | DPPT3(H) | Occur time of last month T3 forward active demand   | R |
| 0347H |      | DPPT3(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 0348H | 5.14 | DPP4     | Last month T4 forward active demand                 | R |
| 0349H |      | DPPT4(H) | Occur time of last month T4 forward active demand   | R |
| 034AH |      | DPPT4(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 034BH | 5.20 | DPP      | Last month reverse active demand                    | R |
| 034CH |      | DPPT(H)  | Occur time of last month reverse active demand      | R |
| 034DH |      | DPPT(L)  | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 034EH | 5.21 | DPP1     | Last month T1 reverse active demand                 | R |
| 034FH |      | DPPT1(H) | Occur time of last month T1 reverse active demand   | R |
| 0350H |      | DPPT1(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 0351H | 5.22 | DPP2     | Last month T2 reverse active demand                 | R |
| 0352H |      | DPPT2(H) | Occur time of last month T2 reverse active demand   | R |
| 0353H |      | DPPT2(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 0354H | 5.23 | DPP3     | Last month T3 reverse active demand                 | R |
| 0355H |      | DPPT3(H) | Occur time of last month T3 reverse active demand   | R |
| 0356H |      | DPPT3(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 0357H | 5.24 | DPP4     | Last month T4 reverse active demand                 | R |
| 0358H |      | DPPT4(H) | Occur time of last month T4 reverse active demand   | R |
| 0359H |      | DPPT4(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 035AH | 5.30 | DPP      | Last month forward reactive demand                  | R |
| 035BH |      | DPPT(H)  | Occur time of last month forward reactive demand    | R |
| 035CH |      | DPPT(L)  | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 035DH | 5.31 | DPP1     | Last month T1 forward reactive demand               | R |
| 035EH |      | DPPT1(H) | Occur time of last month T1 forward reactive demand | R |
| 035FH |      | DPPT1(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 0360H | 5.32 | DPP2     | Last month T2 forward reactive demand               | R |
| 0361H |      | DPPT2(H) | Occur time of last month T2 forward reactive demand | R |
| 0362H |      | DPPT2(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 0363H | 5.33 | DPP3     | Last month T3 forward reactive demand               | R |
| 0364H |      | DPPT3(H) | Occur time of last month T3 forward reactive demand | R |
| 0365H |      | DPPT3(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 0366H | 5.34 | DPP4     | Last month T4 forward reactive demand               | R |
| 0367H |      | DPPT4(H) | Occur time of last month T4 forward reactive demand | R |
| 0368H |      | DPPT4(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                             | R |
| 0369H | 5.40 | DPP      | Last month reverse reactive demand                  | R |
| 036AH |      | DPPT(H)  | Occur time of last month reverse reactive demand    | R |

|       |      |          |   |   |
|-------|------|----------|---|---|
| 036BH |      | DPPT(L)  | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                 | R |
| 036CH | 5.41 | DPP1     | Last month T1 reverse reactive demand                   | R |
| 036DH |      | DPPT1(H) | Occur time of last month T1 reverse reactive demand     | R |
| 036EH |      | DPPT1(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                 | R |
| 036FH | 5.42 | DPP2     | Last month T2 reverse reactive demand                   | R |
| 0370H |      | DPPT2(H) | Occur time of last month T2 reverse reactive demand     | R |
| 0371H |      | DPPT2(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                 | R |
| 0372H | 5.43 | DPP3     | Last month T3 reverse reactive demand                   | R |
| 0373H |      | DPPT3(H) | Occur time of last month T3 reverse reactive demand     | R |
| 0374H |      | DPPT3(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                 | R |
| 0375H | 5.44 | DPP4     | Last month T4 reverse reactive demand                   | R |
| 0376H |      | DPPT4(H) | Occur time of last month T4 reverse reactive demand     | R |
| 0377H |      | DPPT4(L) | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                 | R |
| 0378H | 6.10 | DPP      | (two months before) forward active demand               | R |
| 0379H |      | DPPT(H)  | (two months before) Occur time of forward active        | R |
| 037AH |      | DPPT(L)  | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                          | R |
| 037BH | 6.11 | DPP1     | (two months before) T1 forward active demand            | R |
| 037CH |      | DPPT1(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T1 forward active     | R |
| 037DH |      | DPPT1(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                          | R |
| 037EH | 6.12 | DPP2     | (two months before) T2 forward active demand            | R |
| 037FH |      | DPPT2(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T2 forward active     | R |
| 0380H |      | DPPT2(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                          | R |
| 0381H | 6.13 | DPP3     | (two months before) T3 forward active demand            | R |
| 0382H |      | DPPT3(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T3 forward active     | R |
| 0383H |      | DPPT3(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                          | R |
| 0384H | 6.14 | DPP4     | (two months before) T4 forward active demand            | R |
| 0385H |      | DPPT4(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T4 forward active     | R |
| 0386H |      | DPPT4(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                          | R |
| 0387H | 6.20 | DPP      | (two months before) reverse active demand               | R |
| 0388H |      | DPPT(H)  | (two months before) Occur time of reverse active demand | R |
| 0389H |      | DPPT(L)  | (Month/day/hour/minute)                                 | R |
| 038AH | 6.21 | DPP1     | (two months before) T1 reverse active demand            | R |
| 038BH |      | DPPT1(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T1 reverse active     | R |
| 038CH |      | DPPT1(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                          | R |
| 038DH | 6.22 | DPP2     | (two months before) T2 reverse active demand            | R |
| 038EH |      | DPPT2(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T2 reverse active     | R |
| 038FH |      | DPPT2(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                          | R |

|       |      |          |   |   |
|-------|------|----------|---|---|
| 0390H | 6.23 | DPP3     | (two months before) T3 reverse active demand          | R |
| 0391H |      | DPPT3(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T3 reverse active   | R |
| 0392H |      | DPPT3(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 0393H | 6.24 | DPP4     | (two months before) T4 reverse active demand          | R |
| 0394H |      | DPPT4(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T4 reverse active   | R |
| 0395H |      | DPPT4(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 0396H | 6.30 | DPP      | (two months before) forward reactive demand           | R |
| 0397H |      | DPPT(H)  | (two months before) Occur time of forward reactive    | R |
| 0398H |      | DPPT(L)  | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 0399H | 6.31 | DPP1     | (two months before) T1 forward reactive demand        | R |
| 039AH |      | DPPT1(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T1 forward reactive | R |
| 039BH |      | DPPT1(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 039CH | 6.32 | DPP2     | (two months before) T2 forward reactive demand        | R |
| 039DH |      | DPPT2(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T2 forward reactive | R |
| 039EH |      | DPPT2(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 039FH | 6.33 | DPP3     | (two months before) T3 forward reactive demand        | R |
| 03A0H |      | DPPT3(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T3 forward reactive | R |
| 03A1H |      | DPPT3(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 03A2H | 6.34 | DPP4     | (two months before) T4 forward reactive demand        | R |
| 03A3H |      | DPPT4(H) | (two months before) Occur time of T4 forward reactive | R |
| 03A4H |      | DPPT4(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 03A5H | 6.40 | DPP      | (two months before) reverse reactive demand           | R |
| 03A6H |      | DPPT(H)  | (two months before) occur time of reverse reactive    | R |
| 03A7H |      | DPPT(L)  | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 03A8H | 6.41 | DPP1     | (two months before) T1 reverse reactive demand        | R |
| 03A9H |      | DPPT1(H) | (two months before) occur time of T1 reverse reactive | R |
| 03AAH |      | DPPT1(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 03ABH | 6.42 | DPP2     | (two months before) T2 reverse reactive demand        | R |
| 03ACH |      | DPPT2(H) | (two months before) occur time of T2 reverse reactive | R |
| 03ADH |      | DPPT2(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 03AEH | 6.43 | DPP3     | (two months before) T3 reverse reactive demand        | R |
| 03AFH |      | DPPT3(H) | (two months before) occur time of T3 reverse reactive | R |
| 03B0H |      | DPPT3(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |
| 03B1H | 6.44 | DPP4     | (two months before) T4 reverse reactive demand        | R |
| 03B2H |      | DPPT4(H) | (two months before) occur time of T4 reverse reactive | R |
| 03B3H |      | DPPT4(L) | demand (Month/day/hour/minute)                        | R |

Figure 16 address information

- Note:**
1. the product of voltage and current rate should not be exceed 100000, otherwise some displayed data may be overflow
  2. when the value read is zero, write 0AA55H to reset accumulated energy data, other values are invalid.
  3. write 0AA55H into WRST (000EH) for energy data resetting.

2. Energy data exchange

All the energy data response from the meter is regulated as 2 bytes (4 bytes for energy), the negative is shown by offset according to a formula. The details of formula is as 16 shown, PT-voltage variation rate, CT-current variation rate.

| Item           | Formula                             | Value range         | symbol    | Note                 |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Voltage        | $U = RX \cdot PT \cdot 0.01$        | 0~65535             | No symbol | UA,UB,UC,UAB,UBC,UCA |
| Current        | $I = RX \cdot CT \cdot 0.001$       | 0~65535             | No symbol | IA,IB,IC             |
| Frequency      | $F = RX \cdot 0.01$                 | 0~65535             | No symbol | FR                   |
| Power factor   | $PF = RX \cdot 0.0001$              | -10000~10000        | No symbol | PFA,PFB,PFC,PFS      |
| Active power   | $P = RX \cdot PT \cdot CT$          | -32768~32767        | No symbol | PA,PB,PC,PS          |
| Reactive power | $Q = RX \cdot PT \cdot CT$          | -32768~32767        | No symbol | QA,QB,QC,QS          |
| Apparent power | $S = RX \cdot PT \cdot CT$          | 0~65535             | No symbol | SA,SB,SC,SS          |
| Energy         | $W = RX \cdot PT \cdot CT \cdot 10$ | $0 \sim 2^{32} - 1$ | No symbol | +Wh,-Wh,+varh,-varh  |

Figure 17, Data exchange formula

3. Backlight and brightness control word (BCW)

|                 |      |   |
|-----------------|------|---|
| BCW lower byte  | 1 16 | 1 darkest, 16 brightest                   |
| BCW higher byte | 0    | AUTO off after 10 minutes if no operation |
|                 | 1    | ON always on                              |
|                 | 2    | OFF always off                            |

Figure 18, Backlight and brightness control word

4. Communication control word

|                   |     |          |               |
|-------------------|-----|----------|---------------|
| CBS<br>Baud rate  | 00H | 1200bps  | -             |
|                   | 01H | 2400bps  | -             |
|                   | 02H | 4800bps  | -             |
|                   | 03H | 9600bps  | -             |
|                   | 04H | 19200bps | -             |
|                   | 05H | 38400bps | -             |
| CDS<br>Data frame | 00H | NONE     | No verify     |
|                   | 01H | ODD      | Odd           |
|                   | 02H | EVEN     | Even          |
| CPS<br>Protocol   | 00H | RTU      | Modbus- RTU   |
|                   | 01H | ASCII    | Modbus- ASCII |

Figure 19 Communication control word



## 5. Switching state (DIO)

DIO low byte:

|      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| BIT7 | BIT6 | BIT5 | BIT4 | BIT3 | BIT2 | BIT1 | BIT0 |
| -    | -    | -    | -    | DI3  | DI2  | DI1  | DI0  |

DI0~DI3 stand for switching input state, 0-input signal disconnected. 1-input signal connected

DIO high byte:

|      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| BIT7 | BIT6 | BIT5 | BIT4 | BIT3 | BIT2 | BIT1 | BIT0 |
| -    | -    | -    | -    | DO3  | DO2  | DO1  | DO0  |

DO0~DO3 stand for switching output condition, 0-output signal disconnected. 1-output signal connected

## 6. Analog output setting

|       |                        |         |   |
|-------|------------------------|---------|---|
| AOSIx | output item            | 0       | Close the channel of analog output                    |
|       |                        | 1~26    | 26 energy consumption measured, output 0~20mA         |
|       |                        | 129~154 | 26 energy consumption measured, output 4~20mA         |
| AOSx  | Output parameter value | 1~9999  | corresponding with the parameter value of 20mA output |

Figure 20 Analog output setting

All setting data of analog output is standardized to 2 bytes (SX) according to a formula. The value is range from 1 to 1999(absolute value) .The formula follows Figure 21.

Example: for 10kV/100V meter, set the first analog output (4~20mA) corresponding with UA , we get AOSI1 and PT should be set to 129 and 100 according to Figure 19.We also get AOS1 ( $AOS1 = U/PT \times 10 = 10kV/100 \times 10 = 1000$ ) according to Figure 21.When the first side voltage is 10kV, the first analog output 20 mA current.

## 7. Switching output settings

|   |                           |        |  |
|---|---------------------------|--------|--|
| DOSIx   | Switching output items    | 0      | The switching output channel is off                          |
|   |                           | 1~26   | For 26 measuring energy                                      |
|   |                           | 128    | The switching output channel is on                           |
| DOSxL   | Warning lower limit value | 0~9999 | Output warning when measured value is less than this value   |
| DOSxH   | Warning upper limit value | 0~9999 | Output warning when measured value is higher than this value |
| Note: 1. refer to table 15 for energy address<br>2. when warning lower limit is 0, lower limit warning will be invalid ; when warning upper limit is 9999,upper limit warning will be invalid |                           |        |  |

Figure 20 Switching output settings

All setting data of switching output is standardized to 2 bytes (SX) according to a formula. The value is range from 1 to 1999(absolute value).details of the formula as shown in figure 4. The meter has 10 units Schmitt sections when calculating alarm output. For example, if the measurement value is less than warning lower limit at first, then it must be higher than warning upper limit with10 units in order to end warning. Likewise, the measurement value must be less than warning upper limit 10 units in order to stop warning. So, warning upper limit should be higher than warning lower limit with 20 units.The maximal warning lower limit is 9979 and the least warning upper limit is

0020

For example: for 10kV/100V meter, set the first switching output corresponding with UA warning when  $UA < 8kV$  or  $UA > 12kV$ . We know DOS1I (DOS1I=1) and PT (PT= 100) according to Figure 20. Likewise, we know DOS1L and DOS1H (DOS1L =  $UL/PT \times 10 = 8kV/100 \times 10 = 800$ , DOS1H =  $UH/PT \times 10 = 12kV/100 \times 10 = 1200$ )

According to Figure 21. So when the first side voltage is less than 8kV or more than 12kV, the first switching output closed.

| Item   | Formula                 | Value range | Symbol    | Note                 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|----------------------|
| voltage  | $S_x = U/PT \quad 10$   | 1~9999      | No symbol | UA,UB,UC,UAB,UBC,UCA |
| current  | $S_x = I/CT \quad 1000$ | 1-9999      | No symbol | IA,IB,IC             |
| Frequency  | $S_x = F \quad 100$     | 1-9999      | No symbol | FR                   |
| Power factor   | $S_x = PF \quad 1000$   | 1-9999      | No symbol | PFA,PFB,PFC,PFS      |
| Active power   | $S_x = P/PT/CT$         | 1-9999      | No symbol | PA,PB,PC,PS          |
| Reactive power   | $S_x = Q/PT/CT$         | 1-9999      | No symbol | QA,QB,QC,QS          |
| Apparent power   | $S_x = S/PT/CT$         | 1-9999      | No symbol | SA,SB,SC,SS          |
| Note: PT-voltage variation rate    CT-current variation rate |                         |             |           |                      |

**Figure 21 Formula details**